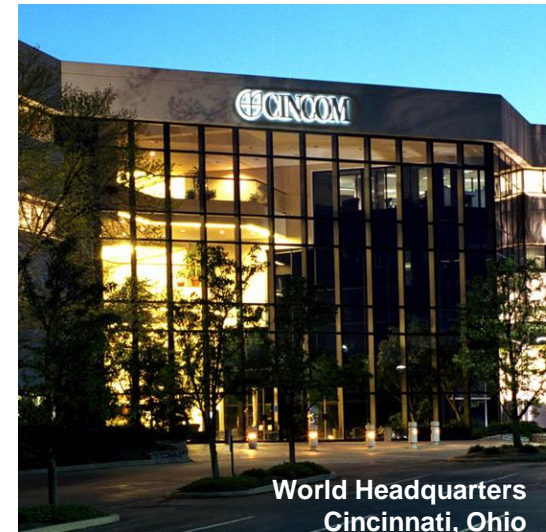




# Make the Past serve your Future

How Cincom frameworks and tools let you add  
new functionality to complex legacy applications

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SIMPLIFICATION THROUGH INNOVATION™

Welcome  
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# The Problem

- **Change** vs. **Legacy**
- Start with legacy systems – several of them
  - Custom written and poorly documented
  - Design knowledge is gone
- Add new requirements or regulations
  - Old systems are incompatible
  - But still must keep doing what they're doing
- Smalltalk to the rescue

# Example: blood cancer diagnosis

- **Genetics Lab:** regional (central lab for many hospitals)
  - Cytogenetics (chromosomes) and Molecular DNA analysis
- **Immunophenotyping:** also central lab for many hospitals
  - cell surface markers and some molecular DNA analysis
- **Hematology lab:** one in each hospital
  - full blood count and morphology on sample
- **Histo-Pathology lab:** one per hospital + central re-referral
  - morphology in situ (of bone marrow trephine or other biopsy)
  - immuno-histochemistry: cell surface markers in situ

# Lab Legacy Systems

- Each lab with its own **un-retirable** system
  - Custom front end
  - Custom relational database schema
  - Not well understood by developers
    - “Every time we make a change it breaks!”

# Example Storyboard - Today

- **Path lab receiving:** print labels, send samples to all labs.
- **Wasting time in the Genetics lab:** “Probably just iron deficiency anemia – but by the time I phone the Blood lab five times, *maybe* work out what the patient’s ID is on *their* system and get their result, it will have been faster just to do our test.”
- **Life-critical in the Genetics lab:** “This bloody sample is no use. It was sent as ‘probably merely ITP’ - *but* the consultant has just called – Blood lab now say it may be acute lymphoblastic leukemia. *Quick:* call round to find a lab with good sample.”

An episode of House? No, a normal day in the NHS!

# Example Storyboard – better if ...

**Path lab receiving:** enter initial diagnosis in web app - prints labels, alerts labs that samples are due, so they can prepare.

**Not wasting time in the Genetics lab:** “That sample arrived today, but I checked the web app. Blood lab results are already in – it’s just iron deficiency. We can skip this one.”

**Saving lives in the Genetics lab:** “Blood lab results are in on the web app - it could be acute lymphoblastic leukemia. Our sample is contaminated, but the app shows analysis begun in Immunophenotyping and their sample is good. Get some fast – we’re already 4 days into the 7 day window.”

**All you need is a web app – that integrates with the lab apps!**

# So we need a web app – that’s easy, right?

- “In legacy IT, **everything is very simple, but the simplest thing is difficult**” (Clausewitz, *On War*, paraphrased 😊)
- ‘Just’ map legacy schemas to each other and to new one
  - little/no schema documentation
  - old sub-contracted work (Foreign keys? Try foreign table names!)
- ‘Just’ make new model and schema natural for domain
  - areas of mismatch to the legacy
- ‘Just’ do it all yesterday *and* flexibly
  - legacy has enough “one change and it breaks” code already

# Is it possible?

- Read old schema
- Generate and map to an Object model
- Evolve the Object model
  - Rename classes to make them make sense
  - Accommodate multiple legacy DBs
  - Specialize classes – make the Smalltalk domain fit the business process
  - Keep mapping up to date as we evolve
- Create common web app DB from refactored mapping



# 1) ObjectStudio Mapping Tool

- Connect to Genetics Lab legacy DB
  - generate class model from schema (active record pattern in Glorp)
  - Generate a Glorp descriptor system that maps between model and schema
    - tables, columns, foreign keys map to classes, instvars, relationships

# Legacy app schema problems

- Schema says Patients go to 'Rassites', it should be Hospitals!
- Patients are seen by 'RasClientContacts', should be Consultants!
- Patients provide 'Folders'!
- And all this is before we look at schema relationships.

# Rename Classes

- Simple refactor of
  - **Folders** to **Samples**
  - **RasClientContacts** to **Consultants**
- Write DescriptorSystem
- View current object model in Modeling Tool

# Specializing classes

- Consultants still not specific enough
- Split into
  - ReferringConsultants
  - DiagnosingConsultants

# Create Descriptor for ReferralDB

- This descriptor will map the same object model to a different database
- Sensible table names

# Adding a new inst var to our model

- Add instVar **dateOfDispatch** to **Samples**
  - (inverse of dateOfReceipt)
- No more
  - “I could have done it yesterday if I’d known it was coming.”
  - “Where’s the result for X?” “We never received a sample for X!”

# Create web app DB

- Generate schema into the new ReferralDB
- Read data from GeneticsDB and write it to ReferralDB

**We did it!**



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